

THORNE'S

No. 4,
OLD VAT
SCOTCH
WHISKY.

As supplied to the House
of Lords and House of Com-
mons.

A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, Hongkong

PEER'S ROYALTIES.

Mine Kept Open for the Miners' Sake.

Mr. Pollock, one of the Official Re-
porters of the High Court, has heard a
claim by Lord Wimborne, the owner of
mining property in South Wales, against
Miss Charlotte Talbot, also owner of
mining property there.

The claim was founded on the fact
that a deed of settlement of a lease
granted by Lord Wimborne, in 1891, in
certain mining works in Glamorgan,
whereby it was alleged that since their
closing in January, 1912, Lord Wimborne
had been deprived of his mineral royal-
ties of 5d. a ton.

The closing of the mine was not dis-
puted, and Mr. Justice Joyce in the
Chancery action referred the question of
damages to one of the Official Reporters.
In the evidence before the latter it was
stated that Miss Talbot had lost £90,000
by working the mine, and that she was
compelled to close up, although during
the latter portion of the time she con-
tinued to work at a loss in order to give
employment to the men.

Lord Wimborne said that the mine
was capable of producing from 80 to 85
tons of coal a day, and based his claim
for royalties to date, but on the other
hand, the defendant's mining manager
said that but for the fact that it was
desired to find work for the men, the
mine would have been worked in a dif-
ferent manner and there would have
been no Wimborne royalty paid at all.

Consent for the defence said that for
three-quarters of 1908 the royalty pay-
ments to Lord Wimborne amounted to
£137, for 1909 they were £167, and for
1910 £237, but Lord Wimborne claimed
for 1912 £791, and for 1913 £928.

Mr. Pollock, giving judgment, said
that upon the evidence it was clear that
Miss Talbot was liable for the royalty
which Lord Wimborne claimed, and the
plaintiff was entitled up to the present
time to a total sum of £1,829 15s. 6d.

FUTURE OF SOUTH AMERICA.

Outlook for Japanese Not
Entirely Promising.

Mr. Heki, who is to be appointed Japa-
nese Minister to China, returned to Tokyo
from Chile recently. He is reported by
Press representatives to the effect that the
United States is expected to effect remark-
able development after the Panama Canal
is opened to traffic, and it is nothing but in
furtherance of this policy that Mr. Roose-
velt recently carried out his tour in the
republic. In South America, mineral
and agricultural products are abundant
but, owing to lack of capital and labour,
they have not to any great extent become
articles of international trade. Great
Britain is up to the present the greatest in-
vestor of capital in these republics, and
many Japanese emigrants are supplied by
these countries. The number of Japanese
emigrants to the republics are roughly as
follows:—5,000 to Peru, 2,000 to Chile, 4,000
to Brazil and 2,000 to the Argentine. The
influence of Germany in South America
has remarkably progressed of late. Since
the visit of Prince Henry, Germany has
become so active that the imports from
Germany to South America amounted to
400,000,000 marks last year. France has
also made some progress in South America,
but is far behind Germany, Great Britain
and the United States. It is conjectured
that keen competition will be witnessed
between these three Powers in the future.

Mr. Heki's apprehensions that the example
set up by the United States will be followed
by the other Powers, cannot be
guaranteed. The anti-Japanese questions
may not arise there in the future. Anti-
Jap sentiment is rampant in the disgust
against the Chinese, who are regarded as
a people of an inferior race for the reason that
they seek to follow in the footsteps of
all recognized principles of honour and
dignity and are so content even to the
natives of South America, while the idea is
naturally created that the Japanese are in-
ferior to the Chinese when it is known that
Japanese are employed by these Chinese.
There is a very different task to eliminate
anti-Japanese sentiment. In view of the
religious, racial, language, geographical
conditions, and other circumstances,
European nations are in a very profitable
position. Japanese emigrants, however,
are not a very hopeful lot in the future.

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NOTICE

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on 1st September NEXT, provides at a

moderate cost a complete HIGH SCHOOL

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to the HEADMASTER, or to THOS.

J. YOUNG, F.C.I.S., Secretary, or the

"China Mail" Office.

Hongkong, August 6, 1914. 507

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STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG

THURSDAY, 27th AUGUST.

8 A.M. 'HONGAM.' 8 A.M. 'KUNSHAN.'

5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.'

FRIDAY, 28th AUG. ST.

8 A.M. 'KUNSHAN.' 8 A.M. 'HONGAM.'

5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 6.00
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00
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The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the
Company's vessels. Passengers arriving by Night Steamers from Canton (due at
Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without
extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

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S.S. 'SUI TAI.' S.S. 'TAISHAN'

HONGKONG TO MACAO

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf

Sundays at 8 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 30th AUGUST.

The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN,"

will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.

and return from Macao at 2 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at
7.30 A.M., and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M., from the Company's Wing Lok Street

Wharf.

FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

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Departure from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.

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S.S. 'SAINAM,' 688 Tons, and S.S. 'NANGING,' 566 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the
day at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 6 days. Passengers can return to
Hongkong on the same day by the Company's direct Steamer, "LINTAN" and
"SAUKU." These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation, and are lighted
throughout by electricity. Electric fans in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

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Estimates furnished on application.

Hongkong, April 1, 1913.

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SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.

FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager

Hongkong, August 12, 1914.

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Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length.

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Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

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to the direct influence of evil spirits, and exorcism
and magic were invoked to cast it out.Science has taught us wisdom. The evil
spirits exist still. We call them "Disease
Germs," and they also must be cast out. Once
lodged in the stomach or intestines, fever with
its hallucinations, or biliousness with its aches
and pains, is the result.ENO'S
FRUIT SALTis the approved remedy for driving out disease
germs. Its action is quick and thorough. It
clears the intestines, rouses the torpid liver to new
life, stimulates the mucous membrane to a healthy
action, and cleanses and invigorates the whole
digestive tract.It may be safely taken at any time by young
or old.It is very effective in the early stage of Diarrhea
by removing the irritating cause.Be prepared for emergencies by always keeping
a bottle in the house.Prepared dry by
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K. KATO,No. 2, PRINCE STREET,
HONGKONG.HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.THE DIVIDEND DECLARED for the
Half Year ending 30th June, 1914,
of the rate of Two Pounds three shillings
Sterling per Share of \$125, is payable on
and after MONDAY the 24th day of
August, Current, at the Offices of the
Corporation, where Shareholders are re-
quested to apply for Warrants.By Order of the Court of Directors,
A. G. STEPHEN,
Acting Chief Manager.

Hongkong, August 22, 1914.

STOCKBROKERS' ASSOCIATION OF
HONGKONG.THE Local "Trust Settlement" is POST-
PONED until September Settlement
next.Interest on extended contracts will run
at the rate of 10% per annum.By Order of the Committee,
E. M. RAYMOND,
Secretary.

Hongkong, August 25, 1914.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

NOTHING CAN EXCEL
OUR

DAISY BRAND

TABLE BUTTER

It is pure, delicious and positively
the best brand.

On the market

Insist on getting the genuine article.

WATKINS, LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation).

LOST SCRIPT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
following Shares in the above Com-
pany are alleged to have been LOST:—Certificate for 50 Shares Nos. 401/450
inclusive in the name of
JAMES BAUGHHOUSE.Application has been made to the Un-
derwritten for the Payment of the sum of
\$125.00 (Dollars Two Hundred and Twenty-
five Cents Fifty) in respect of the First
and Final Dividend at the Rate of \$4.25
(Dollars Four and Cents Twenty-Five) per
Share declared on the 31st July, 1913, on
the above-mentioned Shares, and should
no objection be lodged with the Under-
signed within one month from date hereof,
the application will be complied with.K. CARPMAEL,
Official Receiver.

Hongkong, July 22, 1914.

SHEEN TING.

Surgeon Dentist.

No. 14, D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation Free.

If you have lost your appetite, one of
the big variety of dainty dishes at the
ALEXANDRA CAFE is sure to tempt
you.

"CAPSTAN"
NAVY CUT
TOBACCO &
CIGARETTES
"Always most welcome"

W.D. & H.O. WILLS BRISTOL & LONDON.

TIEN'SIN BRITISH
VOLUNTEERS.

SCENES AT THE ENROLMENT.

Enthusiastic scenes were witnessed in
the Tientsin Club, Tientsin, on Saturday
evening, say the "Peking and Tientsin
Times" of the 17th inst., when the man-
ifest of British Tientsin met in response
to the invitation of H.B.M.'s Acting
Consul-General in Tientsin. The pro-
position to form a Volunteer Corps was
carried amid an enthusiastic demonstra-
tion, which was renewed when the Chair-
man proposed the name of Major Nathan,
R.E., as commander. It was announced
that 110 had signed the roll of member-
ship.In his opening speech, Mr. Willis, after
returning thanks for the warmth of his
reception, said:—First of all I wish to assure you
emphatically that I have not called this
meeting in view of any immediate crisis.
There is no such crisis. As far as my
information goes there is no question
at the moment of the withdrawal of our
troops, or of any portion of them, nor
have I any reason to fear danger from
the Chinese side. The "White Wolf," if
not dead, is reported (and can hardly
be believed) to have slain him has been
run in for obtaining promotion under
false pretences (laughter)—if not dead
at any rate for a while. But we must
remember that under present conditions
the services of our troops may be re-
quired elsewhere at any moment, and
that "White Wolves and Grey Wolves,
Old Tigers and Young Tigers, Manchu-
rian Bandits and such like are in China
until the end of time. Under such cir-
cumstances it seems to me we should
place ourselves in a position to defend
our Concessions against any sudden rise,
in the same way as our fellow country-
men are doing in Hankow and Shanghai,
and have done successfully on more
than one occasion in the past ten years.In my view, which I hope to make yours,
the present moment is particularly ap-
propriate for inaugurating a movement in
this direction. Firstly, even if the troops
remain, we must remember that owing
to the present crisis the international
force in North China has been largely
reduced; there is a large perimeter to
defend, and in case of serious trouble
I know General Barnardiston would ap-
preciate the offer of assistance of volun-
teers acquainted with the country and
local conditions. (Applause.)"Is it known to you, gentlemen,"
continued Mr. Willis, "that the few
Germans who remain here have formed
themselves into a corps and have ex-
pressed a wish to place themselves under
our General's orders? In face of in-
formation of this sort, are you surprised
that I have summoned this meeting?
Now here is the possibility—a possibility
that we must face at any rate some day
that our troops may be taken away. Shall
we wait until then are under orders to
depart before organizing? It seems to
me much more sensible to avail our-
selves of professional advice and assist-
ance when we can get it—as we can now.
I have spoken to General Barnardiston
who has promised to lend us an adjutant
and as many instructors as he can spare.
He also mentioned he would teach us
how to use the machine-gun, though
he would not pledge himself to leave
them behind if he were ordered away.
As regards that point, well, we might
get them. At any rate the General has
the license, interest, in the movement
and will assist us by every means in his
power. (Loud applause.)"As regards the local conditions one
further point. Will not the establish-
ment of a volunteer corps bring all sec-
tions of our community together in a
way that nothing else possibly could?""There is another note that I would
wish to strike. This question of volun-
teering seems to me rather more than
a local question, than the defence of our
Settlements. As you all know, Lord
Robert for years past has been urging
the necessity of some form of conscrip-tion. There must be some in high places
at home who must be sorry they turned
a deaf ear to his pleadings. (Loud cheer.)Universal service on a Continental basis
may not be suited to us, but surely it
should be the duty of every one of us
to undergo such training as to enable
us to bear an efficient part in defence
of our Empire. In the meeting for the
National Relief Fund the other day, Mr.
Sheppard spoke of the present crisis as
a time for sacrifice. It was then a ques-
tion of money. What I am asking now
is a sacrifice of time, time ordinarily
given to amusements, golf, tennis, riding
and what not. If you make the sacrifice,
I am sure you will never regret. Be-
sides, there is such a thing as duty,
though we don't like talking about it.
And it seems to me that it is our obvious
duty to make ourselves as efficient as
possible. By acting in this way we may
have some claim to be worthy of the
brave soldiers and sailors who are fight-
ing our country's battles on the continent
of Europe, on the North Sea, above the
North Sea, and under the North Sea.
(Loud and continued applause.)The Chairman then proposed that a
volunteer corps be formed.The Chairman's words were met with
a burst of applause, loud and prolonged.
The proposition that Major Nathan be
asked to take the post of commandant
was then put, and met with a similar
demonstration, which drove home the
Chairman's tribute to Major Nathan's
"experience, training, judgment and tact."In seconding the motion, Mr. C. R.
Morrison gave a brief resume of the his-
tory of the Tientsin Rifle Club and re-
counted what had been done at the
previous night's meeting, when the Brit-
ish members had been enrolled as the
nucleus of the proposed volunteer corps.With Major Nathan's experience, and
help from the military, remarked Mr.
Morrison, they would have a very much
more efficient corps than ever they had
before. (Loud applause.)The propositions that a volunteer corps
be formed and that Major Nathan be
appointed the commandant were put to
the meeting and carried amid a rousing
demonstration.Major Nathan, who was warmly re-
ceived on rising to speak, said that it
afforded him the greatest pleasure that
his Consul should have called that
meeting, and still greater pleasure to
see how magnificently all Britishers had
rolled up. In times like the present
they did not know what one day might
bring forth, and it was the duty of them
all to be prepared for everything that
might happen, and the best way that
they could prepare was to train them-
selves in military duties, to be useful
perhaps only to themselves, perhaps only
to their neighbours, but perhaps even
to their country (applause). He felt
the honour they had done him by select-
ing him their commandant and he would
assure them that everything he could do,
everything he had in him would be de-
voted to their service, to assist them to
become what he was quite sure from the
men he saw around him they could be-
come, a magnificent little corps. (Loudapplause.) They had the material, and
it only required a little disinterested
work, and he could assure them that that
would not be heavy. He hoped, and
trusted that those of them who enrolled
that evening would do so in the spirit of
sacrifice and the idea of dropping little
differences and petty jealousies and to
seek their individuality in the corps of
the Tientsin Volunteers. (Applause.)
In conclusion he could only assure them
that as he had said before, he trusted
that they would do his best. (Loud
applause.)These present were then invited to
enroll and there was an instantaneous
rush to the table on which the rolls were
laid.The Chairman announced when the
roll had ceased that 110 had enrolled.The meeting closed with a very hearty
vote of thanks to the Chairman on the
proposition of Mr. C. R. Morrison who
expressed the gratitude of all present to
the Consul for the way in which he had
brought the matter forward. Mr. Willis
in a brief reply thanked those present for
their magnificent response.

HUMOURS OF WAR IN ALBANIA.

Magical Effect of Englishman's Eyeglasses.

A lighter side to the tragedy of Albania
is disclosed by Mr. Jack Heaton Arm-
strong, brother of Captain Heaton Arm-
strong, private secretary to Prince Wil-
liam of Wales, who has just returned to
London after a stay of several weeks in
Albania, during which period he accom-
panied the loyalist force of Frank Hibi
Doda on its march from Alessio towards
Durazzo until it went home.Mr. Heaton Armstrong, a debonair,
unmarried young Englishman, commanded
Prince Hibi Doda's artillery, consisting of
one Austrian mountain-gun."It was curious," said Mr. Heaton
Armstrong to an interviewer, "how the
gun was a sort of fetish to the Albanians.
The rebels would never stand shell fire,
while our own men would run to me for
the gun on the slightest excuse. My eye-
glasses was an object of great interest to
them. They believed it was essential to
the working of the gun, and I did not
dispel the illusion, but kept the glass in
my eye whenever an Albanian was in
sight.""Every emotion the Albanian experi-
ences is expressed in wild shouting. Sad
or glad, angry or elated, he flings off his
ride, and the consequences are some-
times disastrous. When he is on the
warpath it is dangerous to stray from the
camp. Anyone doing so immediately
becomes the object of intermittent tar-
get practice—not that the Albanian really
aims at his objective, for as far as I could
see he merely points his rifle in the
direction of the enemy or the target and
fires as rapidly as he can. They believe
the more noise they make the higher is
the estimation of their numbers and fer-
ocity in the minds of the enemy, and they
carry out this idea wholeheartedly. But
one could not get them to advance against
trenches."At Malacchi, where the forces ultim-
ately disbanded, a few shells from the gun
cleared the rebels out of their positions;
but our men remained in the valley re-
peating thousands of rounds of ammu-
nition in mere noise."

CAPTAIN KENDALL.

It is officially announced that Captain
Kendall, the commander of the Empress
of Ireland, has been ordered to take a
complete rest, after which he will be
given a shore position in the service of
the Canadian Pacific Railway Company.
This position will be a promotion. A
Reuters message from Ottawa adds that
owing to the fact that Mr. Telford, first
officer of the Storstad, holds a Norwegian
certificate, the Canadian Maritime Par-
liament will be unable to inflict punish-
ment on that officer, who is held respon-
sible for the Empress of Ireland catas-
trophe. A report has, however, been
sent to the Norwegian authorities. It is
proposed to alter the Canadian law so
that in future officers of foreign vessels
engaged in the Canadian coasting trade
must have Canadian certificates.

HEREDITARY TITLES BILL.

Private M.P. and the King's
Prerogative.Mr. Ponsonby's Bill "to provide for the
termination of hereditary titles among his
Majesty's subjects" has passed through
Committee without amendment.Before proceeding with the third reading
of a Bill affecting the King's prerogative, as
this one does, it is necessary to obtain the
Royal consent, and this can only be sought
through a Minister of the Crown.Accordingly Mr. Ponsonby will ask the
Prime Minister on Monday next, says the
Daily News (London) of the 23rd ult.
whether he is aware that the Bill has
passed through Committee, and whether
in view of the fact that a private member
is not in a position to advise the Crown to
place its assent at the disposal of
Parliament, he will, on behalf of the
hon. member for Stirling (Mr. Ponsonby
himself) recommend his Majesty to place
his interests in connection with the
enfranchisement of hereditary titles at the
disposal of Parliament; and, having
obtained his Majesty's sanction, he will
give time for the report and third-reading
stages of this measure.The Bill seems to give persons of title
the power to abandon their titles, and
successors in titles the right to surrender
their claims.FOR a good solid meal at a low price,
stable, phone, with wine and liquors,
the best "LEXATON CAFE."

THE DOLLAR MARK

never obscures our idea of
eyeglass service—the first
consideration here is perfect
satisfaction in glasses and
our patrons never find reason
to complain of our charges.We use every scientific
method of value in
testing the sight.FOR ALL EYE TROUBLES
CONSULT US.CLARK & CO.
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS
YORK BLDG. CHATER RD.
HONGKONG

Hongkong, May 25, 1914.

INTIMATIONS

WAR DEPARTMENT CONTRACTS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received
at the Headquarters Office, Victoria
Barracks, Hongkong, until 12 Noon on
MONDAY, 31st August, 1914, for the
supply of FRESH MEAT to the Military,
for about three and a quarter months,
commencing from the 1st September, and
terminating on the 30th December, 1914.Forms and other particulars can be
obtained personally between the hours of
10 a.m. and 1 p.m. or by letter to the
Officer Commanding Army Service Corps,
Victoria Barracks, Hongkong.Tenders must be properly
filled up, signed and dated, and no Tender
will be considered unless made out on the
proper Form and delivered at the Head-
quarters Office by noon on the day stated,
in an envelope closed and marked "Tender
for Meat."As a guarantee of good faith the sum of
\$100 IN NOTES should be enclosed with
the Tender; such sum to be forfeited to
the State if the Tenderer refuses to accept
the contract allotted to him, or to attend
at the Headquarters Office when called
upon.The right to reject all or any Tenders is
specially reserved.

Hongkong, August 20, 1914.

535

NOTICE

WE HAVE This Day authorized
Mr. GUSTAV TIEDT, to Sign
the Firm.

Canton, 15th July.

347 W. WEDERKIND & Co.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE
INSURANCE CO.IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LTD.and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS
ASSURANCE CO.TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1911,
£22,561,288.

—Authorized Capital £6,000,000

—Subscribed Capital £4,500,000

—Paid up Capital £2,437,500

—Fire Funds £3,899,114

—Life & Annuity Funds £16,136,169

—Sinking fund account £8,512

£22,561,288

Revenue Fire Branch £2,567,143

Life Annuity £1,973,300

Revenue Marine Department £24,692

Other Receipts £40,193

£26,233,312

The Accounts of the Funds of the various
branches are separately audited and by
Act of Parliament are not to be
the claims under the respective Depart-
ments of the Company's Board.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

Agents.

PARIS TOILET

No. 13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL
(UNDER THE ARCADE HOUSE).THE Leading LADIES & GENTLE-
MEN'S HAIRDRESSING
SALONS in the East.Manufacturers of REYES DES ALPES,
pronounced by those who use it the best
Hairwash to prevent the falling out of hair.

J. O. SCOTLAND, Proprietor.

Hongkong, Oct. 24, 1915.

1801

If you happen to be late your meal will
be Courtesy and Promptly served
just the Same. Only at the ALEXAN-
DRA CAFE.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE GREAT BATTLE.

MORE RUSSIAN AND SERBIAN VICTORIES.

BRITAIN AND CONSCRIPTION.

TOGOLAND SURRENDERS UNCONDITIONALLY.

London, Aug. 26.

In the House of Commons the Rt. Hon. Mr. Harcourt, Secretary of State for the Colonies, announced that the enemy at Togoland had offered to capitulate on terms. The British commander replied that they must surrender unconditionally, and added that "We always respect private property."

The commander has occupied the crossing of the river Amu. The German answer is expected to-night.

LATER.

The Colonial Office announces that Togoland has surrendered unconditionally. The Allies enter Kamina to-morrow.

A GERMAN PRINCE KILLED AT NAMUR.

London, Aug. 26.

A telegram from Copenhagen says that a German official telegram states that Prince Friedrich of Sax-Meiningen was killed by a shell at Namur on the 23rd inst.

RUSSIA CONTINUES TO ADVANCE IN EAST PRUSSIA.

London, Aug. 27, 1.15 a.m.

The Russian troops in East Prussia have occupied Nordenburg, Sensburg and Bischofsburg. Their advance still continues.

RUSSIAN TROOPS CROSS THE DNEISTER.

The Russian columns invading Galicia have occupied Tarnopol and crossed the River Dnieper. Only three Austrian Army Corps are opposing them.

GIFT FROM THE WOMEN OF CANADA.

London, Aug. 26.

The women of Canada, through the Duchess of Connaught, have offered to build, equip and maintain a naval hospital. The Admiralty has graciously accepted the gift, which will be known as the Canadian Women's Hospital.

GERMANS REPULSED ON THE SOUTHERN FRONTIER.

London, Aug. 26.

The Press Bureau announces that it is officially stated that the Germans yesterday attacked in force the French on the Southern frontier. The attack was repulsed and the enemy retired all along the line.

London, Aug. 26.

In the House of Commons Mr. A. St. George Hamersley, K.C., Conservative M.P. for the Woodstock Division of Oxford, asked if in the present crisis some form of compulsory service should not be adopted. Mr. Asquith replied in the negative, and referred Mr. Hamersley to Earl Kitchener's statement.

The following telegrams have been received to-day through official sources:—

PRUSSIAN GUARDS SUFFER HEAVILY.

It is confirmed that the Army Corps of the Prussian Guards suffered heavily, losing many men in the hand-to-hand fight with the Algerian troops.

FRENCH COMMANDER'S SUCCESSFUL MOVEMENTS.

Since the 21th the Germans have not succeeded in preventing the methodical movements of the French Commander-in-Chief.

A RUSSIAN VICTORY.

The Russians, pushing their forward march, have routed the Austrian Cavalry Division.

AUSTRIANS AGAIN DEFEATED.

The Serbians have wiped out the Austrians from Chabutz and the whole of the Serbian territory.

FRANCE DETERMINED.

All in France are determined to fight to the bitter end.

MALINES RECAPTURED.

On the 26th the Belgian troops advancing from Antwerp took the offensive with energy. They recaptured Malines and drove out all the Germans.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE FRONTIER FIGHTING.

The French forces in Lorraine have fallen back on a fortified line beginning in front of Nancy.

The Germans have occupied Lunéville. A big general battle has begun along the whole front, the fighting being especially heavy in Belgium between Mons and Namur, the centre being at Charleroi. The British expeditionary force is taking part in the action.

The battle in which the Belgian and Anglo-French forces took the offensive went on during the 23rd and 24th August. The German losses were considerable, especially among the German Imperial Guard. On the French side two Divisions suffered severely, but the bulk of the active force is intact. The French Commander-in-Chief, in order to continue the fight, took back his troops to the line of defence he had originally chosen. There they are strongly established.

The French general offensive in Belgium did not succeed in passing through the German lines, and after terrible fighting the English and French troops marched back on their defensive positions. Nevertheless the situation remains good. The French troops repulsed the Germans in Alsace.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NANCY HOLDING OUT.

All the attempts of the Germans at Nancy have failed.

RUSSIANS STILL ADVANCING.

The Russian victory at Gumbinnen is a real disaster for the Germans. The victorious Russian troops have advanced 70 kilometres into Prussia. The German losses are enormous.

(With Tse Yut Po's Service.)

THE BOMBARDMENT OF TSINGTAU.

Shanghai, Aug. 26.

Communication between the Wei Hsien and Loi Yangs interrupted. It is proposed to limit the war zone in Shantung in the east to Kankabow; the west to Yai Chiu and the north to Wei Hsien.

NO NEWS FROM TSINGTAU.

Mr. Imai, the Japanese Consul-General in Hongkong, informs us that at present no news is to hand of the fighting at Tsingtau. This is due to an interruption of the telegraphic service from Nagasaki to Shanghai, caused, it is believed, by the Germans having damaged the cable.

Telegrams received to-day from Japan were delayed about 50 hours in transit in consequence of the interruption.

(The following messages were received overnight.)

PRAISE FOR THE BRITISH TROOPS.

London, Aug. 26, 4.35 a.m.

Details of the great battle show that there were enormous losses on both sides. The British troops and the African troops inflicted severe losses on the German Imperial Guard. All reports are unanimous in praising the admirable behaviour of the British troops, which only fell back at the express command of the Generalissimo, and not owing to pressure by the enemy. The Algerian soldiers distinguished themselves by a magnificent bayonet charge, advancing three kilometres despite a deadly fire from the mitrailleuses.

GERMAN OFFICIAL APPOINTMENTS.

London, Aug. 26, 5.30 a.m.

Field Marshal von der Goltz has been appointed Military Governor of that part of Belgium occupied by the Germans. A Civil Administrator has also been appointed.

FRENCH MOVEMENT PROCEEDING METHODICALLY.

London, Aug. 26, 12.05 a.m.

A French official announcement says that the French movement, which began yesterday, is proceeding methodically, despite German opposition.

KAISER'S UNCLE KILLED.

London, Aug. 26, 5.50 a.m.

It is reported on good authority that the uncle of the German Emperor, Prince Frederick Leopold, Commander-in-Chief of the Imperial Guard, was killed.

[The Prince was a son of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia (cousin of the Emperor Frederick III.), and a brother of the Duchess of Connaught.]

BELGIANS DRIVE GERMAN TROOPS AWAY FROM ANTWERP.

London, Aug. 26, 1.20 p.m.

A Belgian official dispatch reports that the Army sallied out from Antwerp and drove three German divisions yesterday back from the neighbourhood of Malines upon Vilvorde.

GERMANS TO DEFEND TSINGTAU.

London, Aug. 26, 5.50 p.m.

A cable from Tsingtau received in New York says that a cypher message from the Emperor William instructing the Garrison to defend the position to the utmost, was read at roll call on Friday evening and was received stoically.

The Germans have destroyed with dynamite all the tall structures which might be of assistance to the attacking fleet, by giving sighting points; also the railroad bridge at the boundary of their leased territory, and they have razed the Chinese villages within their territory, the inhabitants of these villages being partially compensated.

CANADA'S SPLENDID PATRIOTISM.

London, Aug. 26, 4.10 a.m.

The Canadian Patriotic Fund is rapidly mounting. Toronto City alone contributed \$297,000 in one day and expects to raise half-a-million dollars in the next four days.

RUSSIAN VICTORIES IN EAST PRUSSIA.

London, Aug. 26, 1.10 a.m.

The Russian forces continue on the offensive. The German Army on the East Prussian frontier beat a retreat by forced marches, concentrating on Königsburg fortress. Three divisions of Germans occupied a fortified region north of Neidenburg. The Russians attacked them and enveloped the left flank of the Germans, who fled, abandoning their guns.

WAR NEWS.

TWO GERMAN STEAMERS TO BE SOLD AT MANILA.

It is stated in Manila papers to hand that arrangements are rapidly being perfected for the purchase of the two German freight steamers, the "Clara Jochen" and the "Matilda," at present at Manila. A new Inter-Island Shipping Company are said to have made an offer which is being favourably considered.

The Clara Jochen is owned by the Jensen Company. She is a steel screw vessel, built in 1902 at Antwerp. Her registered tonnage is 1,735. The Matilda is of 1,872 tons, built at Kiel in 1900 and is a steel screw vessel. According to Lloyd's register she is also owned by the Jensen Company.

FOOD PRICES IN HONGKONG.

We would draw our readers' attention to the announcement on page 8 of this issue regarding food prices in Hongkong.

STRENGTH OF THE GARRISON.

To withstand this attack, the Tsingtau garrison has been making rapid preparations. Reliable information received in Shanghai is that the rugged country surrounding the fortress has been heavily mined, that the landward guns are as powerful as those pointed seaward, that the "iron numbers" close on to 6,000 men, all of whom have had military training, and that there is a good supply of food and ammunition.

There has been a considerable amount of negotiation looking to the surrender of the stronghold, which at a battle—this having arisen since Japan decided to force her way into the war. But thus far these negotiations have been futile and the prospect now is that diplomacy will fall to avert this slaughter.

That all of Shanghai, irrespective of nationality, will await the outcome with bated breath, goes without saying. A great portion of the present Tsingtau garrison is composed of men well known in Shanghai who have mingled on friendly terms with the other residents of this community for many years.

The feeling of Shanghai would have been of a different character if the diplomacy of Europe had been able to keep Japan out of the war. It is the spectacle of a vast horde of Japanese being turned loose on the Peking garrison that has caused the revolution of sentiment.

WAR NEWS.

THE BOMBARDMENT OF TSINGTAU.

A Japanese army of considerable size—45,000 men according to one report—will commence a heavy assault on the fortress, says the "China Press."

This assault from the land side probably will be made doubly effective by a co-operative assault from the sea, on the part of the Japanese fleet, including the new battle-cruiser Kongo, which carries eight 14 inch guns. It is likely that ships of the other Allies will take part.

Altogether there should be a rain of death-dealing shells on the fortress such as was met experienced upon at Port Arthur.

THE PEACEFULNESS OF SHANGHAI.

Revolutionary Sores and Precautions.

Many rumours have been in circulation with reference to possible rebellious outbreaks amongst the Chinese, says the N. C. Daily News of the 24th inst. "Alarmists have been very busy in the South, and the Chinese newspapers of Shanghai have not been lacking in circumstantial stories of plotting in, and around the International Settlement. The irresponsible Chen Chien-mei, and Sun Yat-sen are supposed to be reorganizing for a further demonstration in this quarter, the enforced absence of foreign men-of-war and soldiers providing them with a favourable opportunity for causing trouble.

JAPANESE ORDERED OUT OF TSINGTAU.

The Question of China's Neutrality.

Peking, Aug. 26. Admiral Meyer-Waldeck, Governor of Tsingtau, has issued a notification ordering all Japanese to leave Tsingtau by August 22. It is not thought that this necessarily means that Germany has decided not to evacuate Tsingtau, but that it is part of the preparations which must be made, similar to the preparations which were undertaken in regard to French, British and Russian. Although the question of participation has not yet been decided, it appears that the allies are discussing principally the mode of attack on Tsingtau, some considering it necessary to avoid violating China's neutrality as far as possible, while others argue that belligerent Tsingtau, over which China exercises sovereignty, constitutes a violation of neutrality which justifies a counter violation on the part of the attackers.

While Germans scout the idea of Tsingtau surrendering, the majority of the other Legations are inclining to the belief that the German Emperor will recognize the utter hopelessness of defence and realize that surrendering Tsingtau to China would entail smaller loss of prestige than being driven out at the point of a Japanese bayonet. There is every reason to believe, however, that in the event of Tsingtau being surrendered to China, the Japanese will immediately occupy the place.—N. C. Daily News.

WOMEN AND CHILDREN LEAVE TSINGTAU.

We understand, says the "N. C. Daily News" of the 24th inst. that the German authorities in Tsingtau are not calling for any more reserves, they having already as many efficient men in the port as can be accommodated. "Women and children," it was reported, were to leave Tsingtau last night, and from German and Chinese, as well as from other sources, we learn that it is confidently expected that fighting will begin at noon on Sunday.

HANAMETAL SAILS.

The steamer Hanametal, in ballast and flying the American flag, cleared for Tsingtau, probably the last vessel to depart for that port before the expiration of the Japanese ultimatum, and presumably the last ship to reach there on a mission of peace.

The Hanametal goes to bring to safety the remaining non-combatants in the German colony, including the wives and children of officers and merchants residing there. Owing to the strict watch that is believed to be kept over all shipping in the vicinity of Kiaochow bay, the Hanametal carried absolutely no cargo, and as she has a neutral flag, expected to have no trouble on her arrival of mercy.

In local circles, the voyage of the Hanametal and the evident desire of the German garrison to remove non-combatants from the possible danger zone, is taken to confirm the rumour that the German forces will not surrender.

THE YARN MARKET.

Messrs. Pollishwalla and Kotwal write as follows:—"In the entire absence of all business in yarn, we consider it useless to issue our usual circular."

THE FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

The committee of the Flood Relief Fund request us to state that at the Bazaar, held at West Point recently, Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co. in addition to their gift of a supply of bottled waters, offered to present two gold and two silver medals to those gentlemen who paid the highest prices for a bottle of the Company's aerated waters. The gold medals were won by Messrs. Wong Shan Shan and Lau Yui Fong, who paid \$229 and \$210, respectively, and the silver medals were awarded to Messrs. Lau Yik Chuk and Ho Kam Tong who paid, respectively, \$100 and \$50.

The medals, which are very handsomely made, have been received by the Committee and handed over to the winners. The Committee tender to Messrs. A. S. Watson & Co. their sincerest thanks for the Company's very generous gifts of aerated waters and medals.

The N.D.L. liner Boon, 8174 tons, Capt. G. Jitterlin, has put into Tientsin with several hundred British and German passengers on board. She was bound for Australia.

The Toronto correspondent of "The Times" states that the Government is providing the "Komatsa Maru" with medicines and £12,000 worth of food for the voyage across the Pacific to Hongkong. The authorities refused to supply the Hindus with money for the return passage to Calcutta, or to reimburse the Vancouver Hindus for outlays in connection with the venture.

Weismann's

For BREAD

Weismann's

For CAKES

Weismann's

For CHOCOLATES

EXTENSION

OF SALE

WHITEAWAY'S

WILL EXTEND THEIR SALE UNTIL THE END OF THIS WEEK.

ALL GOODS

REMAIN AT SALE PRICES

MANY NEW ITEMS

ARE INCLUDED IN THIS WEEK'S

SPECIAL OFFERINGS

REMNANTS AT HALF PRICE

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

29, DEE VAUX ROAD.

A ROYAL DRINK.

King George IV
Scotch Whisky



"King George IV" is known and appreciated everywhere for its purity, flavour, age, and digestive properties.

ONE OF THE FINEST QUALITIES OF
THE DISTILLERS COMPANY, LTD.
Largest Scotch Whisky
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